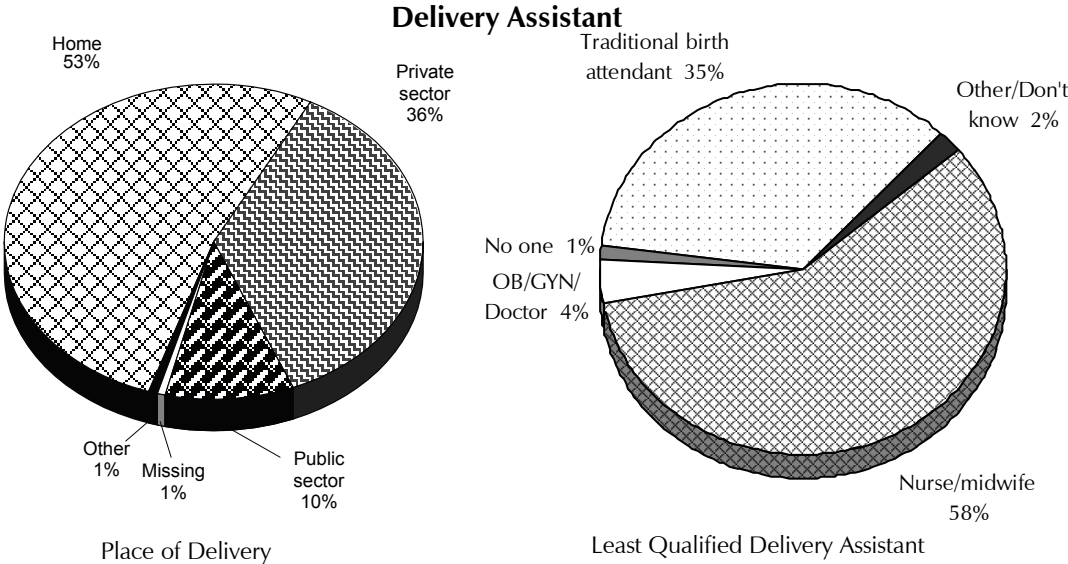


ERRATA

Statistics Indonesia (Badan Pusat Statistik—BPS) and Macro International. 2008.
Indonesia Demographic and Health Survey 2007. Calverton, Maryland, USA: BPS and
Macro International.

Date of correction	Correction:
27 Aug 2010	<p>Page 75, Table 6.2 sub-title correction Percent distribution of all women age 15-49 by contraceptive method currently used, according to background characteristics, Namibia 2006-07 Indonesia 2007</p> <p>Page 136, Figure 11.2 Pie chart for Least Qualified Delivery Assistant corrected. Correct Figure 11.2 shown below. (no change to pie chart for Place of Delivery).</p> <p>Page 137, Table 11.7 Replacement page, including corrected table, provided below.</p> <p>Page 138, Table 11.8 Replacement page, including corrected table, provided below.</p> <p>Page 234, Table A-3.2-Continued Corrected column headings are shown below.</p>

Figure 11.2 Place of Delivery and Least Qualified



IDHS 2007

about all of the persons who assisted them during delivery. Table 11.7 shows the distribution of births by the most qualified person providing assistance during delivery. This is the person to whom the woman may have been referred if she had any problems in her pregnancy. Seventy-three percent of births in the five years preceding the survey were assisted by a medical professional; 59 percent by a nurse/midwife/village midwife; 13 percent by an obstetrician/gynecologist; and 1 percent by a doctor.

Comparison with data from past IDHS surveys indicates that there has been an increase in the proportion of births assisted at delivery by medical professionals, from 66 percent in the 2002-2003 IDHS to 73 percent in the 2007 IDHS). While there has been a shift away from TBAs, these persons still have a role to play in delivery assistance, especially in rural areas (33 percent), for births to mothers with no education (50 percent), and for high-order births (47 percent).

Background characteristic	Person providing assistance during delivery						Total	Percentage delivered by a skilled provider ¹	Percentage delivered by C-section	Number of births
	Doctor	OB/GYN	Nurse/midwife/village midwife	Traditional birth attendant	Other/don't know	No one				
Mother's age at birth										
<20	1.0	5.7	56.0	33.6	3.2	0.6	100.0	62.6	4.2	1,716
20-34	1.1	13.3	60.4	22.5	2.1	0.6	100.0	74.8	6.9	12,482
35-49	0.7	13.9	56.5	25.1	2.7	1.1	100.0	71.1	8.4	2,306
Birth order										
1	1.1	16.7	61.8	18.7	1.5	0.3	100.0	79.6	9.0	5,855
2-3	1.2	11.5	60.7	24.0	2.2	0.4	100.0	73.4	6.0	7,529
4-5	0.5	8.1	56.8	29.3	3.8	1.5	100.0	65.4	4.7	2,207
6+	0.5	6.7	39.0	46.5	4.6	2.7	100.0	46.2	4.5	913
Place of delivery										
Health facility	1.7	27.2	70.9	0.1	0.1	0.0	100.0	99.8	14.8	7,601
Elsewhere ²	0.4	0.1	50.0	45.0	3.7	0.8	100.0	50.5	0.1	8,798
Missing	0.0	6.0	12.5	2.9	48.3	30.2	100.0	18.5	0.0	106
Residence										
Urban	1.0	20.8	65.7	11.3	0.8	0.3	100.0	87.6	11.0	6,835
Rural	1.0	6.8	54.9	33.1	3.3	0.9	100.0	62.7	3.9	9,669
Mother's education										
No education	0.1	3.1	28.3	50.2	10.8	7.5	100.0	31.5	2.6	579
Some primary	0.4	3.5	40.7	49.6	4.7	1.1	100.0	44.7	2.3	1,996
Complete primary	0.9	5.1	56.3	34.7	2.4	0.6	100.0	62.3	2.9	4,759
Some secondary	0.9	10.0	68.4	19.0	1.6	0.2	100.0	79.3	6.5	4,132
Secondary +	1.6	26.6	65.8	5.0	0.8	0.1	100.0	94.0	13.1	5,038
Wealth quintile										
Lowest	0.9	2.3	40.7	48.4	6.3	1.5	100.0	43.8	1.8	3,806
Second	0.6	5.7	60.1	30.9	2.0	0.8	100.0	66.4	4.5	3,245
Middle	1.1	10.0	67.7	20.1	0.8	0.2	100.0	78.8	5.1	3,245
Fourth	0.6	15.1	71.5	11.7	0.8	0.2	100.0	87.3	7.3	3,122
Highest	1.9	33.0	60.6	3.5	0.7	0.4	100.0	95.4	16.8	3,086
Total	1.0	12.6	59.4	24.0	2.3	0.7	100.0	73.0	6.8	16,504

Delivery assistance by a skilled provider varies according to background characteristics of the mother. The percentage of births delivered by a skilled provider increases with age of the mother, mother's level of education, and wealth status. The percentage of births delivered by a skilled provider

decreases with increasing birth order, and is higher in urban areas than in rural areas. Appendix Table A-11.5 shows the differentials across provinces in assistance during delivery by the most qualified person.

Table 11.7 also shows that 7 percent of births in the five years preceding the survey were delivered by caesarean section. Women most likely to have delivery by caesarean section are those age 35-49 (8 percent), those with first-order births (9 percent), women in urban areas (11 percent), women with secondary and higher education (13 percent), and women in the highest wealth quintile (17 percent).

Table 11.8 shows the distribution of births by the least qualified person providing assistance during delivery. While the assistant identified in Table 11.7 may be the person to whom the woman was referred if she had any problems with her pregnancy, Table 11.8 shows the point person in the delivery. While a medical professional was the least qualified person attending 62 percent of births, a medical professional was the most qualified person attending 73 percent of births. The difference (11 percent) suggests that some births are referred by less qualified persons to more qualified persons.

The differentials in delivery assistance for the least qualified assistant by mother's background characteristics show the same pattern as that for the most qualified assistant.

Background characteristic	Person providing assistance during delivery						Total	Percentage delivered by a skilled provider ¹	Percentage delivered by C-section	Number of births
	Doctor	OB/GYN	Nurse/midwife/village midwife	Traditional birth attendant	Other/don't know	No one				
Mother's age at birth										
<20	0.1	2.1	48.9	45.1	3.2	0.6	100.0	51.1	4.2	1,716
20-34	0.3	4.3	59.0	33.6	2.1	0.6	100.0	63.7	6.9	12,482
35-49	0.2	4.6	57.6	33.8	2.7	1.1	100.0	62.3	8.4	2,306
Birth order										
1	0.2	5.9	62.4	29.7	1.5	0.3	100.0	68.5	9.0	5,855
2-3	0.3	3.5	58.4	35.2	2.2	0.4	100.0	62.1	6.0	7,529
4-5	0.2	2.3	52.3	39.9	3.8	1.5	100.0	54.8	4.7	2,207
6+	0.2	2.7	37.0	52.8	4.6	2.7	100.0	39.9	4.5	913
Place of delivery										
Health facility	0.4	9.0	87.6	3.0	0.1	0.0	100.0	96.9	14.8	7,601
Elsewhere ²	0.1	0.0	32.5	62.8	3.7	0.8	100.0	32.7	0.1	8,798
Missing	0.0	0.0	17.9	3.6	48.3	30.2	100.0	17.9	0.0	106
Residence										
Urban	0.1	6.3	74.0	18.4	0.8	0.3	100.0	80.5	11.0	6,835
Rural	0.3	2.6	46.3	46.5	3.3	0.9	100.0	49.3	3.9	9,669
Mother's education										
No education	0.0	1.8	22.8	57.1	10.8	7.5	100.0	24.6	2.6	579
Some primary	0.2	0.9	35.1	58.1	4.7	1.1	100.0	36.1	2.3	1,996
Complete primary	0.3	1.6	45.2	49.9	2.4	0.6	100.0	47.1	2.9	4,759
Some secondary	0.4	3.4	63.5	30.9	1.6	0.2	100.0	67.3	6.5	4,132
Secondary +	0.2	8.7	78.0	12.1	0.8	0.1	100.0	86.9	13.1	5,038
Wealth quintile										
Lowest	0.5	0.7	32.2	58.8	6.3	1.5	100.0	33.4	1.8	3,806
Second	0.2	2.3	48.5	46.2	2.0	0.8	100.0	51.0	4.5	3,245
Middle	0.1	3.2	63.2	32.4	0.8	0.2	100.0	66.5	5.1	3,245
Fourth	0.1	5.3	70.7	22.9	0.8	0.2	100.0	76.0	7.3	3,122
Highest	0.4	10.1	80.4	8.1	0.7	0.4	100.0	90.9	16.8	3,086
Total	0.3	4.1	57.8	34.9	2.3	0.7	100.0	62.2	6.8	16,504

Table A-3.2—Continued

Province	Highest level of schooling						Missing	Total	Number	Median years completed
	No education	Some primary	Completed primary	Some secondary	Completed secondary	More than secondary				
CURRENTLY MARRIED MEN										
Sumatera										
Nanggroe Aceh Darussalam	5.2	13.0	23.8	24.5	24.5	9.1	0.0	100.0	137	8.2
North Sumatera	2.3	11.5	15.0	26.3	34.3	10.6	0.0	100.0	370	8.8
West Sumatera	3.8	26.9	13.0	28.1	17.9	10.4	0.0	100.0	137	7.5
Riau	3.2	12.5	18.3	22.4	32.3	11.0	0.2	100.0	130	8.8
Jambi	2.1	21.6	28.4	21.1	19.9	7.0	0.0	100.0	95	5.9
South Sumatera	1.3	22.7	33.1	19.8	19.6	3.5	0.0	100.0	241	5.8
Bengkulu	1.2	15.1	21.5	23.8	23.2	15.2	0.0	100.0	53	8.4
Lampung	1.1	22.6	26.2	22.7	23.2	4.2	0.0	100.0	271	6.2
Bangka Belitung	3.7	26.3	34.3	14.9	16.1	4.8	0.0	100.0	52	5.6
Riau Islands	7.8	19.1	15.9	17.1	33.7	6.4	0.0	100.0	36	8.4
Java										
DKI Jakarta	0.0	5.5	12.2	20.9	46.0	15.5	0.0	100.0	408	11.2
West Java	2.0	16.2	36.2	16.7	18.1	10.6	0.3	100.0	1,444	5.9
Central Java	5.2	22.8	30.6	15.9	16.9	8.6	0.0	100.0	1,517	5.7
DI Yogyakarta	1.7	9.8	17.1	23.6	29.9	17.9	0.0	100.0	146	9.2
East Java	6.8	22.0	27.1	20.3	16.6	7.2	0.0	100.0	1,561	5.8
Banten	5.0	12.6	28.6	16.9	29.4	7.5	0.0	100.0	344	8.1
Bali and Nusa Tenggara										
Bali	2.2	12.2	21.3	18.2	32.1	14.1	0.0	100.0	174	8.9
West Nusa Tenggara	7.3	19.0	24.5	21.2	21.0	6.9	0.0	100.0	194	5.9
East Nusa Tenggara	3.6	20.6	29.8	21.0	19.0	6.0	0.0	100.0	172	5.9
Kalimantan										
West Kalimantan	7.5	20.1	22.4	25.4	19.3	5.2	0.0	100.0	162	6.0
Central Kalimantan	2.7	10.6	31.7	21.4	22.9	10.7	0.0	100.0	82	8.2
South Kalimantan	0.9	29.9	20.7	23.2	16.7	8.5	0.0	100.0	128	5.8
East Kalimantan	3.2	13.3	15.0	21.7	34.5	12.3	0.0	100.0	132	9.9
Sulawesi										
North Sulawesi	0.1	16.1	23.0	25.9	26.9	7.9	0.0	100.0	102	8.3
Central Sulawesi	0.5	12.8	31.6	25.2	23.7	6.3	0.0	100.0	89	6.7
South Sulawesi	7.7	21.9	16.7	18.1	23.7	11.9	0.0	100.0	259	7.0
Southeast Sulawesi	3.7	16.5	14.0	22.6	27.4	15.9	0.0	100.0	60	8.8
Gorontalo	3.7	33.9	24.1	12.9	16.2	9.3	0.0	100.0	46	5.5
West Sulawesi	6.4	11.5	43.2	19.6	13.6	5.7	0.0	100.0	41	5.7
Maluku and Papua										
Maluku	1.0	7.8	23.9	25.5	28.4	13.4	0.0	100.0	44	8.7
North Maluku	0.9	12.4	22.4	25.6	29.8	8.9	0.0	100.0	36	8.6
Papua	25.0	9.9	20.3	18.3	20.5	6.0	0.0	100.0	70	5.7
West Papua	3.5	10.0	21.1	26.9	29.5	9.0	0.0	100.0	24	8.5
Total	4.1	18.3	26.7	19.7	22.0	9.1	0.1	100.0	8,758	6.6

¹ Completed grade 6 at the primary level² Completed grade 6 at the secondary level