The 2003 Philippines National Demographic and Health Survey gathered demographic and health information from over 12,000 households in all 17 regions, allowing for comparisons. In general, Filipinos living in the ARMM face more health challenges than those in other parts of the country. In the ARMM, education is low, fertility is high, and knowledge of family planning and HIV/AIDS is lower than in the rest of the country. However, women in the ARMM are more likely to receive postnatal care and breastfeed their babies several months longer than the average Filipino.
Children's Health and Nutrition

HIV/AIDS and Other Communicable Diseases

Children's Vaccination Coverage

Knowledge of Leprosy and Malaria

For additional information on the results of the 2003 Philippines National Demographic and Health Survey, please contact:

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